## Comparison of Key Elements of FSAs, HRAs and HSAs

**November 2023** 

| Plan Feature                         | Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs)   | Health Reimbursement<br>Arrangements (HRAs) <sup>1</sup>  | Health Savings<br>Accounts (HSAs) <sup>2</sup>   |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Account creator                      | Employer  | Employer  | Employer or Individual   |
| Permissible contributors             | Employer and employee   | Employer only   | Employer and employee<br>(but no contributions for those<br>enrolled in Medicare)  |
| Tax status of employer contributions | Contributions are excludable from the employee's income.  | Same  | Same   |
|                                      | Employer contributions are not subject to FICA or FUTA.   |   |  |
| Pre-tax salary reduction             | Permitted   | Not permitted — HRAs are exclusively employer-funded  | Permitted subject to maximums  |
| Taxation of account earnings         | Generally not taxable   | Account is not usually funded   | Generally not taxable  |
| Vesting                              | No requirements   | No requirements   | Fully vested   |
| Funding                              | Not required by IRC (could be required under ERISA)   | Not required  | Funding and trust are both required and subject to specific requirements.  |
| Portability                          | None  | None  | Individual money is portable and may be rolled over into another HSA no more frequently than once in a 12-month period.                              |
| Maximum contribution level           | For 2023, maximum salary reduction is \$3,050.3  For 2024, maximum salary reduction will be \$3,200.4 | Set by employer  For the plan year beginning on or after 1/1/20, plan sponsor may offer an "excepted benefit" HRA, with a maximum contribution of \$1,800 (indexed starting in 2021). The amount is\$1,950 for 2023. The amount will be \$2,100 for 2024. | For 2023, maximum contribution is \$3,850 (single)/\$7,750 (family).8  For 2024, maximum contribution will be is \$4,150 (single)/\$8,300 (family).9 |
| Catch-up contributions               | Not allowed   | Not allowed   | \$1,000 catch-up contribution<br>allowed if age 55 or older and not<br>enrolled in Medicare  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Approved in <u>Notice 2002-45</u> and <u>Revenue Ruling 2002-41</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Created by Section 223 of the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Announced in Revenue Procedure 2022-38.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Announced in <u>Revenue Procedure 2023-34</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> "Excepted benefit" HRA and "individual coverage" HRA permitted under final rule published in the <u>June 20, 2019 Federal Register</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Announced in <u>Revenue Procedure 2022-24</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Announced in <u>Revenue Procedure 2023-23</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Announced in <u>Revenue Procedure 2022-24</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Announced in Revenue Procedure 2023-23.

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|--|---|---|---|
| Carry-forward of amounts from year to year | Employer may either allow a carryover or offer a 2½ month grace period. <sup>10</sup> The maximum carryover was initially \$500. The maximum carryover is 20% of the maximum salary reduction <sup>11</sup> (\$610 in 2023 <sup>12</sup> and \$640 in 2024 <sup>13</sup> ), | Permitted — Plan may cap amount of carry-forward  | Required  |
| High-deductible health plan (HDHP)         | Not required  | Not required  | Required. For 2023, the minimum deductible is \$1,500 (single)/\$3,000 (family). <sup>14</sup> For 2024, the minimum deductible will be \$1,600 (single)/\$3,200 (family). <sup>15</sup> Preventive care expenses do not have to be subject to the deductible.  |
| Out-of-pocket maximum for HDHP             | NA  | NA  | For 2023, \$7,500 (single)/\$15,000 (family). For 2024, \$8,050 (single)/\$16,100 (family). Special rules for network plans.  |
| Other eligibility requirements             | NA  | Plan sponsor may offer (1) an HRA paired with individual market coverage (an "individual coverage" HRA), but may not give an employee/member the choice between this type of HRA and a traditional group health plan; or (2) an "excepted benefit" HRA, which must be offered along with a traditional group health plan (but employee/member is not required to enroll in the group plan.) | Cannot be covered by another health plan which provides coverage for benefits covered under the HDHP; with certain exceptions — accident, disability, dental, vision, long-term care or other permitted insurance such as workers' compensation, specific disease or hospital reimbursement insurance |
| Rules for those enrolled in Medicare       | NA  | An "individual coverage" HRA<br>may be paired with individual<br>market coverage or with<br>Medicare Parts A and B or<br>Part C.  | Those enrolled in Medicare cannot contribute, but can receive distributions   |
| Reimbursable medical expenses              | Medical expenses under IRC §213(d); prescription required to reimburse over-the-counter medications (but not insulin) beginning 1/1/11  | Same HRAs that are paired with other group coverage that does not meet the 60% minimum value standard will have to limit the expenses that are reimbursable.  | Same  |

<sup>19</sup> For more information about the creation of the carryover option, refer to IRS Notice 2013-71. For guidance on the grace period, see IRS Notice 2005-42.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> The formula for determining the maximum carryover was established in IRS Notice 2020-33. Revenue Procedure 2020-45 established the maximum salary reduction and carryover amount for 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Announced in <u>Revenue Procedure 2022-38</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Announced in <u>Revenue Procedure 2023-34</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> For all coverage tiers other than single coverage, the minimum family deductible specified in the chart must be met before the HDHP pays for care for any family member. As noted elsewhere in the chart, the HDHP may pay for preventive care and other types of permitted coverage before the deductible is met.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Announced in Revenue Procedure 2023-23.

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|---|--|---|--|
| Reimbursement of health insurance premiums                        | Generally no   | For an HRA paired with group coverage: certain health (e.g., COBRA and retiree health premiums) and long-term care insurance reimbursable  For an HRA paired with individual market coverage (or Medicare): individual market premiums or Medicare premiums (including Medigap) reimbursable  For an "excepted benefit" HRA: premiums for excepted benefits (e.g., dental and vision) or for short-term limited-duration insurance reimbursable | Certain health and long-term care insurance, including COBRA, premiums while receiving unemployment compensation, and retiree medical for individuals 65 or over (but not Medigap plans)   |
| Distribution for<br>non-medical expenses<br>(including cash-outs) | Not allowed  | Not allowed   | Subject to tax and 20% penalty, with certain exceptions  |
| Nondiscrimination   | Required under IRC §§105 and 125 (if included in cafeteria plan) | Required under IRC §105   | If not offered through a cafeteria plan, comparable contributions requirement — employer contributions (if any) must be comparable (same dollar amount or same percentage of deductible) across certain groups of employees, <sup>16</sup> effective 1/1/07, employers may provide lower HSA contributions to highly compensated employees |
| Reimbursement order   | FSA always last unless HRA document states otherwise             | FSA always last unless HRA document states otherwise  | Cannot have HRA and FSA that cover same expenses as the HDHP   |
| Coverage period   | Generally 12 months  | Plan sponsor determines   | NA   |
| "Universal coverage rule"   | Applies  | Does not apply  | Does not apply   |
| Expense substantiation  | Plan must substantiate   | Plan must substantiate  | Only individual must substantiate, not plan or trustee   |
| COBRA   | Applies  | Applies   | Does not apply to HSA under IRC — ERISA unclear; would apply to HDHP   |

<sup>16</sup> For more information about the IRS rules on comparable contributions, see Notice 2013-54 and Notice 2015-87, which address the impact of the ACA on HRAs.

This chart does not include "Archer MSAs." Although Archer MSAs are still in existence, they have very limited applicability because they are only available to small employers and the self-employed. In addition, only employers or employees can make contributions to Archer MSAs (not both) and employee contributions cannot be pre-tax.

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